# **Continuous Integration Report**

Cohort 3 Team 5 - alltheeb5t

Aaron Heald Alex Gu Arun Hill Jade Stokes Maksim Soshchin Meg Tierney Will Hall The continuous integration strategy implemented for this project can be described roughly by two primary objectives: **preserving code integrity** and **preventing significant branch divergence**.

### Preserving Code Integrity

### • Automated unit test runners

**Triggers:** Any commit to main **Inputs** Code (everything in core package), Unit Tests (housed in headless package) **Output:** Overall result + full summary of passed / failed tests Automated unit tests (JUnit) are only triggered for commits to the main branch since we employed a test-driven development strategy, with other branches containing tests for not-yet completed features.

We didn't want the failure of these tests to provide a misleading indication that the code was incorrect. After making changes, people would run the tests locally on their machine, providing an initial opportunity to correct problems. The automated test runners are designed only as a fallback, alerting people of problematic code and providing a reference machine.

### Code Reviews

**Triggers:** When people decide that they've made sufficient changes to merge **Input:** Code (with new changes highlighted) **Output:** Comments for changes / accept PR When people had a working implementation of a feature (even if only a subsection of a larger feature), they were encouraged to merge this into main in order to catch integration issues as soon as possible. Merges were performed via a pull request and, for any sizable changes, they were reviewed by a second person. This served as a way to identify unclear code, spot possible bugs and also to increase the development team's BUS factor (ie. the reviewer would gain at least a basic understanding of how the code works and be in a better position to take over development if necessary).

### Automated Building

**Triggers:** Any commit to main **Inputs:** Entire codebase at the current moment in time **Output:** A single .jar file that can be downloaded independently of the main code This meant that it was easy for other team members to download and test the latest working version, allowing them to provide feedback and spot newly introduced problems.

### Preventing Branch Divergence

### • Automatic Merge Script

**Triggers:** Any commit to main **Inputs:** Entire codebase (from main), List of branches to merge into **Output:** Updated codebase on all branches / PRs created for manual review In the lectures, we were introduced to Martin Fowler's best practices for Continuous integration[1], which included everyone pushing to main directly. We decided that having separate branches and a frequent pull request schedule would be more appropriate given the experience and timescale of our project as it allowed people to push their [not yet working] changes to continue elsewhere and meant that any problematic merges could be handled centrally by the most appropriate person.

We have a continuous integration workflow that, on pushes to main, would automatically merge those changes into active development branches (or open a pull request if conflicts occurred). This is described by Martin Fowler as Semi-Integration[1] as it ensures that any stable changes made by other people are introduced quickly into active development branches and reduces friction when said branch is merged into main.

### Infrastructure Details

For our continuous integration, we made use of GitHub Actions because we were already using GitHub for our code storage, it is well documented and costs nothing. Additionally, members of our team had some prior experience with this tool. When developing the actions, we implemented matters of best practice such as using the SHA as a version identifier on 3rd party actions and using the permissions keyword to restrict an action's ability to the minimum required.

Action 1: Unit testing & automated builds (unit-tests.yaml on website / Appendix. 1)

- In this action, a simple sequential architecture is used.
- The latest version of the repository is checked out and Gradle is setup (these steps were documented in the github actions examples).
- The action then executes the tests and uses a 3rd party action by GitHub user EricoMi to display the results in a useful summary format (see figure. 1).
- The output state (success/failure) of the 'Publish Test Results' job matches the result of the testing itself. This means that a successful **job** can be used to indicate all tests passed.
- In case the job was successful, a build job repeats the Gradle setup steps and runs the gradlew build command.
- The generated binary is stored within the file system of the Actions runner so in order to access it, it must be uploaded as an artifact. This is accessible via GitHub (figure. 2)



### Action 2: Automatic Merge (automatic\_merge.yaml in Appendix. 1)

- There are two development branches into which new changes are merged. We were unable to define a list of branches dynamically using a wildcard so had to hardcode names for two branches. Use of the matrix strategy would allow additional branches to be added easily. The following steps are performed in parallel for each of the defined branches
- An attempt is made to merge using a simple git merge command. This is designed to be used in case of disjoint changes.
- In case there is **any** conflict, the merge fails. It is best to resort to manual input so as to prevent introduction of errors. To do this, the action uses an action by GitHub user peter-evans to create a new pull request. A review is requested from a designated team member who can review and merge the changes ASAP.
- The content of main is placed into a temporary staging branch so that, when merged, the content of main isn't inadvertently affected.

## Appendix 1

#### unit-tests.yaml

```
name: Run Unit Tests
          runs-on: ubuntu-latest
11
12
13
14
15
16
          - name: Checkout latest commit
17
18
19
          - name: Set up JDK 17
20
            uses: actions/setup-java@v4
21
22
             java-version: '17'
23
              distribution: 'temurin'
24
25
          - name: Make gradlew executable
26
            run: chmod +x ./gradlew
27
28
29
          # See: https://github.com/gradle/actions/blob/main/setup-gradle/README.md
30
          - name: Setup Gradle
31
            uses: gradle/actions/setup-gradle@af1da67850ed9a4cedd57bfd976089dd991e2582 # v4.0.0
32
33
34
            run: ./gradlew test
35
36
          - name: Publish Test Results
37
            uses: EnricoMi/publish-unit-test-result-action@170bf24d20d201b842d7a52403b73ed297e6645b
38
39
41
42
43
```

46	runs-on: ubuntu-latest
47	needs: test # Will be skipped if tests fail
48	
49	permissions:
50	contents: read
51	
52	steps:
53	- name: Checkout latest commit
54	uses: actions/checkout@v4
55	
56	- name: Set up JDK 17
57	uses: actions/setup-java@v4
58	with:
59	java-version: '17'
60	distribution: 'temurin'
61	
62	- name: Make gradlew executable
63	run: chmod +x ./gradlew
64	
65	# Configure Gradle for optimal use in GitHub Actions, including caching of downloaded dependencies.
66	# See: https://github.com/gradle/actions/blob/main/setup-gradle/README.md
67	- name: Setup Gradle
68	uses: gradle/actions/setup-gradle@af1da67850ed9a4cedd57bfd976089dd991e2582 # v4.0.0
69	
70	- name: Build with Gradle Wrapper
71	run: ./gradlew build
72	
73	- name: Upload build artifacts
74	uses: actions/upload-artifact@v4
75	with:
76	name: UniSim Java Package
77	path: lwjgl3/build/libs/*  # Upload generated Java file ('*' used in case output file name changes)
-	

#### automatic\_merge.yaml

1	name: 'Automatic Merge'
2	# description: Automatically merge changes from main into active development branches
3	
4	on:
5	
	push:
6	branches: ["main"]
7	
8	jobs:
9	merge-branches:
10	name: Merge main into develop
11	runs-on: ubuntu-latest
12	
13	strategy:
14	matrix: # Use matrix to merge into any number of active development branches
15	branch: ["dev1", "dev2"]
16	
17	permissions:
18	contents: write
19	pull-requests: write
20	
21	steps:
22	- name: Checkout latest code version
23	uses: actions/checkout@v4
	uses. actions/checkoulev+
24	
25	# Attempt to automatically merge latest changes
26	- name: Merge main -> develop
27	id: execute_merge
28	uses: devmasx/merge-branch@6ec8363d74aad4f1615d1234ae1908b4185c4313
29	with:
30	type: now
31	From branch: main
32	target_branch: \${{matrix.branch}}
33	message: 'CI: Merge latest changes from main'
34	github_token: \${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
35	continue-on-error: true
36	
37	# If unable to merge automatically, create a pull request to attract manual attention
38	- uses: actions/checkout@v4
39	if: always() && steps.execute_merge.outcome == 'failure' # Outcome property provides the real result (before continue-on-error)
40	with:
41	ref: \${{matrix.branch}}
12	
42	
43	- name: Reset staging branch
44	if: always() && steps.execute merge.outcome == 'failure' # Have to include the always() property otherwise GitHub will assume su
45	
	run:
46	git fetch origin main:main
47	git resethard main
48	
49	- name: Create Pull Request
50	if: always() && steps.execute_merge.outcome == 'failure'
51	uses: peter-evans/create-pull-request@5e914681df9dc83aa4e4905692ca88beb2f9e91f
52	with:
53	title: 'CI: Merge latest changes from main'
54	
	reviewers: Lime-Parallelogram
55	branch: stageing
56	labels: 'ci-automated'

### References

[1] M. Fowler. (2024, Dec. 21). *Continuous Integration* [Online]. Available: <u>https://martinfowler.com/articles/continuousIntegration.html</u>